

**Exercise session problems**

**Problem 1.**

Consider the subset  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the inequality  $y(x - 2) \leq 3$ . Make a sketch of  $D = \{(x,y) : y(x - 2) \leq 3\}$ , and mark the inner points and the boundary points of  $D$ . Is  $D$  compact?

**Problem 2.**

Consider a subset of the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  given by the following conditions. Determine whether the subset is compact. It is useful to make a sketch of the area.

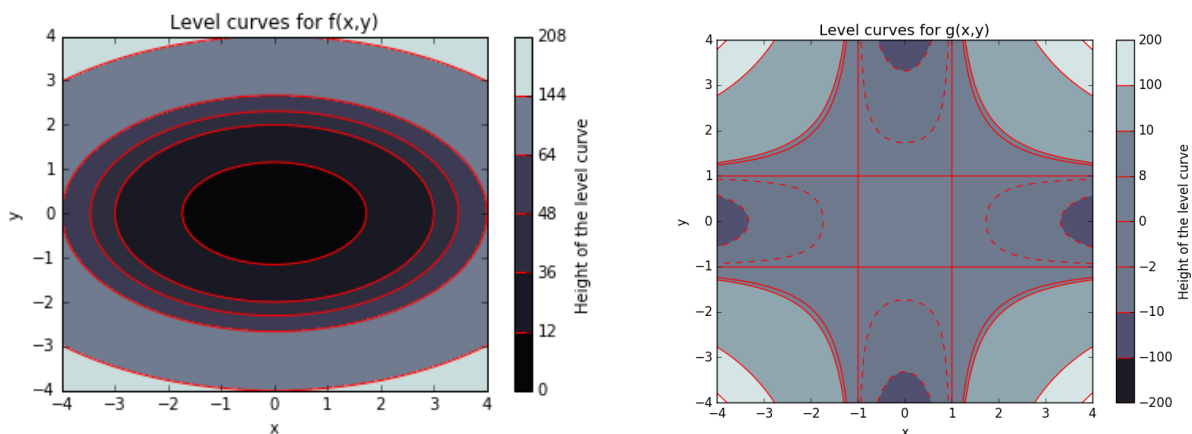
- |                             |                              |                                 |                                 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) $2x + 3y = 6$            | b) $2x + 3y < 6$             | c) $2x + 3y \leq 6$             | d) $x^2 + y^2 = 4$              |
| e) $x^2 + y^2 \geq 4$       | f) $x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$        | g) $x^2 - 2x + 4y^2 = 4$        | h) $x^2 - 2x + 4y^2 \leq 4$     |
| i) $x^2 - 2x + 4y^2 \geq 4$ | j) $xy = 1$                  | k) $xy \leq 1$                  | l) $xy \geq 1$                  |
| m) $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 3$   | n) $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \leq 3$ | o) $x^2y^2 - x^2 - y^2 + 1 = 0$ | p) $x^2y^2 - x^2 - y^2 + 1 = 1$ |

**Problem 3.**

State the extreme value theorem. Give examples of a set  $D$  in the plane which is closed, but not bounded, as well as a set  $E$  in the plane which is bounded, but not closed. Can you find a function  $f(x,y)$  which does not have a maximum nor a minimum in  $D$ , and a function which does not have a maximum nor a minimum in  $E$ ?

**Problem 4.**

Level curves for the functions  $f(x,y) = 4x^2 + 9y^2$  and  $g(x,y) = x^2y^2 - x^2 - y^2 + 1$  in the area  $-4 \leq x,y \leq 4$  are shown in the figures below.



- Find max / min  $f(x,y)$  when  $-4 \leq x,y \leq 4$  by using the figure.
- Find max / min  $g(x,y)$  when  $-4 \leq x,y \leq 4$  by using the figure.
- Find max / min  $f(x,y)$  when  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  by using the figure.
- Find max / min  $g(x,y)$  when  $x = y$  by using the figure.

**Problem 5.**

Solve the optimization problems:

- a)  $\max / \min f(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy + y^3$  when  $0 \leq x,y \leq 1$     b)  $\max / \min f(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy + y^3$  when  $0 \leq x,y \leq 2$   
 c)  $\max / \min f(x,y) = e^{xy-x-y}$  when  $0 \leq x,y \leq 2$     d)  $\max / \min f(x,y) = xy(x^2 - y^2)$  when  $-1 \leq x,y \leq 1$   
 e)  $\max / \min f(x,y) = (x^2 - 1)(y^2 - 1)$  when  $-1 \leq x,y \leq 1$

**Problem 6.**

Find the maximum- and minimum value for the optimization problem

$$\max / \min f(x,y) = \sqrt{xy} - x \text{ when } 0 \leq x,y \leq 1$$

**Optional: Exercises from the Norwegian textbook**Textbook [E]: Eriksen, *Matematikk for økonomi og finans*Exercise book [O]: Eriksen, *Matematikk for økonomi og finans - Oppgaver og Løsningsforslag*

Exercises: [E] 7.6.1 - 7.6.2

Solution manual: See [O] Ch. 7.6

**Answers to the exercise session problems****Problem 1.**

Boundary points are given by the equation  $y(x - 2) = 3$ , that is points on the graph of  $y = 3/(x - 2)$  (a hyperbola). Inner points are given by  $y(x - 2) < 3$ , that is points under the hyperbola when  $x > 2$ , and points over the hyperbola when  $x < 2$ , as well as all points where  $x = 2$ . The set  $D$  is not compact (closed, but not bounded).

**Problem 2.**

- a) No      b) No      c) No      d) Yes      e) No      f) Yes      g) Yes      h) Yes  
 i) No      j) No      k) No      l) No      m) Yes      n) Yes      o) No      p) No

**Problem 4.**

- a)  $f_{\min} = 0$  in  $(0,0)$ , and  $f_{\max} = 208$  in  $(\pm 4, \pm 4)$   
 b)  $f_{\min} = -15$  in  $(0, \pm 4)$  and  $(\pm 4, 0)$ , and  $f_{\max} = 225$  in  $(\pm 4, \pm 4)$   
 c)  $f_{\min} = 64$  in  $(\pm 4, 0)$ , and  $f_{\max} = 144$  in  $(0, \pm 4)$   
 d)  $f_{\min} = 0$  in  $(1,1)$  and  $(-1, -1)$ , and  $f_{\max} = 225$  in  $(4,4)$  and  $(-4, -4)$

**Problem 5.**

- a)  $f_{\max} = 1, f_{\min} = -1$       b)  $f_{\max} = 8, f_{\min} = -1$       c)  $f_{\max} = 1, f_{\min} = 1/e^2$   
 d)  $f_{\max} = 2\sqrt{3}/9, f_{\min} = -2\sqrt{3}/9$       e)  $f_{\max} = 1, f_{\min} = 0$

**Problem 6.**See the final exam of MET11807 06/2021 Exercise 5:  $f_{\max} = 1/4, f_{\min} = -1$