# Exercise session problems

## Problem 1.

Consider the Lagrange problem:  $\max / \min f(x,y) = xy$  when  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ 

- a) Solve the Lagrange conditions and find the corresponding candidate points.
- b) Are there ponits with a degenerate constraint?
- c) Solve the optimization problem.

# Problem 2.

Assume that the Lagrange problem max f(x,y) when g(x,y) = 4 has a maximum value f(1,3) = 12 in the ordinary candidate point  $(x,y;\lambda) = (1,3;2)$ . What is the interpretation of  $\lambda = 2$ ? Use this to estimate the maximum value of the Lagrange problem max f(x,y) when g(x,y) = 3.

# Problem 3.

What does it mean for a constraint in a Lagrange problem to be degenerate? Can you give examples of a constraint g(x,y) = a which has an admissible point with a degenerate constraint? Can you find a function f(x,y) such that the optimization problem max f(x,y) when g(x,y) = a has the point with a degenerate constraint as its maximum point?

### Problem 4.

Consider the Lagrange problem:  $\min f(x,y) = xy$  when  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$ .

- a) Sketch the curve given by  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$ , and determine whether this set is bounded.
- b) Write down the Lagrange constraints and find all  $(x,y;\lambda)$  which satisfy these constraints.
- c) Solve the Lagrange problem.
- d) Give an interpretation of the Lagrange multiplier of a Lagrange problem, and use this interpretation to estimate the minimum value of the new Lagrange problem:  $\min f(x,y) = xy$  when  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 5$

### Problem 5.

Consider the function  $f(x,y) = x^2y^2 + xy + x - y$ .

- a) Show that the level curve f(x,y) = 2 intersects the line y = x in two points (a,a) and (b,b).
- b) Find the tangent of the level curve f(x,y) = 2 in the points (a,a) and (b,b).
- c) Find any stationary points for f, and classify these as local maxima, local minima or saddle points.

# Answers to exercise session problems

### Problem 1.

a)  $(\pm\sqrt{2}, \pm\sqrt{2}; 1/2), (\pm\sqrt{2}, \mp\sqrt{2}; -1/2)$ b) No c)  $f_{\max} = 2, f_{\min} = -2$ 

### Problem 2.

 $f_{\rm max} \approx 12 + (-1) \cdot 2 = 10$ 

# Problem 4.

- a) Bounded (ellipsis)
- b)  $(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}/2; 1/4), (-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}/2; 1/4), (\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}/2; -1/4), (-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}/2; -1/4))$
- c)  $f_{\min} = -1$
- d)  $f_{\min} \approx -1.25$  when  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 5$

# Problem 5.

- a) (1,1), (-1,-1)
- b) y = 2x 3, y = -x/2 3/2
- c) (-1,1), saddle point