

# EBA1180 Mathematics for Data Science

autumn 2022

## Exercises

*... if I couldn't formulate a problem in economic theory mathematically, I didn't know what I was doing.*

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## Lecture 8 and 9

Sec. 4.7, 3.4-5, 2.6:

**Polynomial division. Factorisation. Rational and radical equations. Inequalities.**

Here are recommended exercises from the textbook [SHSC].

Section 4.7 exercise 1-6

Section 3.4 exercise 1, 2a, b, d

Section 3.5 exercise 2-4

Section 2.6 exercise 1-3, 5

**Problems for the exercise session  
Wednesday 21 Sept. from 12 in B2-065**

**Problem 1** Perform the polynomial division with remainder.

- a)  $(x^2 + 4x - 21) : (x - 3)$       b)  $(x^2 + 4x - 21) : (x - 4)$       c)  $(x^3 + x^2 - 23x + 42) : (x + 6)$   
d)  $(x^3 + x^2 - 23x + 42) : (x + 1)$     e)  $(x^4 + x^2 + 1) : (x^2 - x + 1)$     f)  $(x^2 + 3x - 7) : (x - a)$

**Problem 2** Factorise the polynomial into factors of the least possible degree (by guessing on a zero and performing polynomial division).

- a)  $x^2 + 4x - 221$       b)  $x^3 + 6x^2 - x - 30$       c)  $x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 15$   
d)  $x^4 + 10x^3 + 35x^2 + 50x + 24$

**Problem 3** Solve the equations.

- a)  $\frac{5x + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} = -2$       b)  $\frac{x - 1}{x^2 + x + 1} = 1$       c)  $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{1}{x}$       d)  $\frac{(x - 1)(x - 3)}{(x - 2)(x - 4)} = 2$

**Problem 4** Determine the values of  $a$  such that the equation has solutions.

- a)  $x^2 + 2ax + 9 = 0$       b)  $\frac{1}{x + a} = \frac{2}{2x + 3}$       c)  $\frac{(x - 1)(x - 3)}{(x - 2)(x - 4)} = a$

**Problem 5** Solve the equations.

a)  $\sqrt{2x+3} = x + 2$

b)  $\sqrt{4x+1} = x - 1$

c)  $\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-3} = 5$

d)  $\sqrt{2x+1} - \sqrt{x+4} = 1$

e)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+1} = 2$

f)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+1} = -1$

**Problem 6** Determine the values of  $a$  such that the equation  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+1} = a$  has solutions.  
(Note problem 5e and 5f.)

**Problem 7** Solve the inequalities.

a)  $2x + 3 \leq 5x + 2$

b)  $-4x + 1 \geq x - 1$

c)  $x + 2 < 3 + 5x$

d)  $(x-5)(x+4) < 0$

e)  $(2x+5)(7-x) \geq 0$

f)  $\frac{x-5}{x+4} \geq 0$

g)  $\frac{(x-2)(x+3)}{(x-5)(x+4)} < 0$

h)  $\frac{-5}{(6-x)(-12-3x)} \geq 0$

i)  $(x-5)(x+4) < 10$

j)  $(2x+5)(7-x) \geq 35$

k)  $\frac{(x-2)(x+3)}{(x-5)(x+4)} < 1$

l)  $\frac{-5}{(6-x)(-12-3x)} \geq \frac{5}{72}$

**Problem 8** Determine  $a$  such that the inequality has solutions.

a)  $x^2 + 6x \leq a$

b)  $(x+a)^2 < a$

## Answers

**Problem 1**

a)  $x + 7$

b)  $x + 8 + \frac{11}{x - 4}$

c)  $x^2 - 5x + 7$

d)  $x^2 - 23 + \frac{65}{x + 1}$

e)  $x^2 + x + 1$

f)  $x + a + 3 + \frac{a^2 + 3a - 7}{x - a}$

**Problem 2**

a)  $(x - 13)(x + 17)$

b)  $(x - 2)(x + 3)(x + 5)$

c)  $(x - 3)(x^2 + 5)$

d)  $(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)(x + 4)$

**Problem 3**

a)  $x = -3, x = -\frac{1}{2}$

b) no solutions

c)  $x = \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

d)  $x = 4 \pm \sqrt{3}$

**Problem 4**

a)  $a \leq -3$  or  $a \geq 3$

b)  $a = \frac{3}{2}$

c) All values of  $a$  give solutions
**Problem 5**

a)  $x = -1$

b)  $x = 6$

c)  $x = 7$

d)  $x = 12$

e)  $x = 2$

f) no solutions

**Problem 6**
 $a \leq -2$  or  $a > 0$  (compare with 5e and 5f)
**Problem 7**

a)  $x \geq \frac{1}{3}$ , alternative way of writing:  $x \in [\frac{1}{3}, \infty)$

b)  $x \leq \frac{2}{5}$ , alternative:  $x \in (-\infty, \frac{2}{5}]$

c)  $x > -\frac{1}{4}$ , alternative:  $x \in (-\frac{1}{4}, \infty)$

d)  $-4 < x < 5$ , alternative:  $x \in (-4, 5)$

e)  $-\frac{5}{2} \leq x \leq 7$ , alternative:  $x \in [-\frac{5}{2}, 7]$

f)  $x < -4$  or  $x \geq 5$ , alternative:  $x \in (-\infty, -4) \cup [5, \infty)$

g)  $-4 < x < -3$  or  $2 < x < 5$ , alternative:  $x \in (-4, -3) \cup (2, 5)$

h)  $-4 < x < 6$ , alternative:  $x \in (-4, 6)$

i)  $-5 < x < 6$ , alternative:  $x \in (-5, 6)$

j)  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{9}{2}$ , alternative:  $x \in [0, \frac{9}{2}]$

k)  $x < -7$  eller  $-4 < x < 5$ , alternative:  $x \in (-\infty, -7) \cup (-4, 5)$

l)  $-4 < x \leq 0$  or  $2 \leq x < 6$ , alternative:  $x \in (-4, 0] \cup [2, 6)$

**Problem 8**

a)  $a \geq -9$

b)  $0 < a$