EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER - Take-home examination

## GRA 00351 <br> Mathematics

| Department of Economics |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Start date: | 18.01 .2021 | Time 09.00 |
| Finish date: | 18.01 .2021 | Time 12.00 |
| Weight: | $100 \%$ of GRA 0035 |  |
| Total no. of pages: | 2 incl. front page |  |
| No. of attachments files to <br> question paper: | 0 |  |
| To be answered: | Individually |  |
| Answer paper size: | No limit. excl. attachments |  |
| Max no. of answer paper <br> attachment files: | 0 |  |
| Allowed answer paper file <br> types: | pdf |  |


| Exam | Final exam in GRA 6035 Mathematics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Date | January 18th, 2021 at 0900-1200 |

This exam consists of 11 problems. You must give reasons for all your answers. To get full score, your answers should be short, clear, and precise.

- You must hand in your exam papers as a single PDF file. It must be handwritten.
- The answer paper must be written and prepared individually. Collaboration with others is not permitted and is considered cheating.
- All answer papers are automatically subjected to plagiarism control. Students may also be called in for an oral consultation as additional verification of an answer paper.


## Question 1.

We consider the matrix given by

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\
2 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 5 & 6 \\
0 & 0 & 6 & 10
\end{array}\right)
$$

(a) (6p) Find a base of $\operatorname{Null}(A)$, and determine the eigenvalues of $A$.
(b) $(6 \mathbf{p})$ Find a base of $\operatorname{Col}(A)$. If possible, find a vector in $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ not in $\operatorname{Col}(A)$.
(c) (6p) Determine the definiteness of the quadratic form $f(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{x}^{T} A \mathbf{x}$.
(d) (6p) Explain how to use eigenvalues and eigenvectors to find the maximal and minimal value of $f(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{x}^{T} A \mathbf{x}$ on $D=\left\{\mathbf{x}: \mathbf{x}^{T} \mathbf{x}=1\right\}$. You should lay out a procedure for how to do this, and express the answers in terms of eigenvalues and eigenvectors (numerical values are not necessary).

## Question 2.

(a) (6p) Solve max $f(x, y, z)=\ln \left(5-x^{2}+x y-y^{2}+y z-z^{2}-x z\right)$.
(b) (6p) Determine whether $D=\{(x, y, z, w): x w+y z \leq-2\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{4}$ is a compact set.
(c) $\mathbf{( 6 p )}$ Find all points satisfying the Kuhn-Tucker conditions, and the value of the objective function at each of these points:

$$
\min f(x, y, z, w)=x^{2}+4 y^{2}+9 z^{2}+w^{2} \text { subject to } x w+y z \leq-2
$$

## Question 3.

(a) (6p) Solve the difference equation $y_{t+2}-y_{t+1}-2 y_{t}=4 t$, and find $y_{17}$ when $y_{0}=y_{1}=1$.
(b) ( $\mathbf{6 p}$ ) Determine whether $t^{2} y^{\prime}+2 t y=1$ is (i) separable, (ii) linear, (iii) exact. Use this to solve the differential equation in at least two different ways.
(c) $(6 \mathbf{p})$ Find a linear second order differential equation with $y=3 e^{-2 t}-5 e^{t}+12 e^{-3 t}$ as solution.
(d) (6p) Find a $3 \times 3$ matrix $A$ such that $\mathbf{y}^{\prime}=A \mathbf{y}$ has a solution $\mathbf{y}=\left(y, y^{\prime}, y^{\prime \prime}\right)$ with $y$ as in (c).

